

# Bone Cancer

## Overview

Bone cancer is a sarcoma (cancerous tumor) that arises in the bone. The most common types of primary bone cancer are osteosarcomas, chondrosarcomas, and the Ewing's family of tumors.

Secondary (or metastatic) bone cancer is cancer that spreads to the bone from another part of the body.

## Signs and Symptoms

Pain is the most common symptom of bone sarcomas. Although bone cancer can arise in any of your body's 206 bones, it most frequently occurs in the long bones of your arms and legs.

Other possible signs and symptoms of bone sarcoma include:

- Weakened bones, sometimes leading to fractures
- Joint swelling and tenderness (for tumors in or near joints)
- Fatigue
- Fever
- Weight loss
- Anemia

Soft tissue sarcomas can occur anywhere in your body, but the largest percentage about half occur in the arms, legs, hands or feet. Another 40 percent occur in the trunk, which includes the chest, back, hips, shoulders and abdomen. About 10 percent are found in the head and neck. Soft tissue sarcomas usually produce no signs and symptoms in the early stages. As a tumor in soft tissue grows, it may produce a lump or swelling. Later it may cause pain if it presses on nerves or muscles.

## Causes

In general, no one knows for sure what causes most bone or soft tissue sarcomas. Known causes include asbestos for most cases of mesothelioma, and viruses for Kaposi's sarcoma in people with defective immune systems. Adults with Paget's disease of bone, which involves abnormal development of new bone cells, may be at increased risk of osteosarcoma. In a few cases, sarcomas may be hereditary, such as in Li-Fraumeni syndrome or in families with neurofibromatosis. Li-Fraumeni syndrome is a condition of early breast cancer associated with soft tissue sarcomas and other tumors.

Neurofibromatosis results in developmental changes in the nervous system, causing nerve tumors. Other abnormalities associated with neurofibromatosis include skin changes and bone deformities.

Factors that may lead to increased risk of sarcoma are exposure to high doses of herbicides that contain the chemical phenoxyacetic acid, wood preservatives, which contain chlorophenols, as well as large doses of radiation.

## Benefit of SGS Therapy:

- Maintains best Possible Immune system of the body.
- Effectively clear all lymph nodes Which Leads to install stronger lymphatic system.
- It Regulates Body's the general metabolism.
- All below combo Supplements therapy gives the synergetic effects to create anti-tumours/ anti - Systs.
- It Translates into usual cell mitosis action as well as cellular metabolism
- Decisively Improves bone density

## Suggested Products:

**Grolyfe:** 7 drops 3 time under the tongue

**Comraid:** 1 capsule 3 times after meal

**SH&WK: OmegaSat:** 1 soft gel 2 Times after meal

**Minerjal:** 7 drops 5 times in 200 ml drinking water

**Alproxy:** 1 tab 3 times after meal

